

Retail Industry Impact

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Retail Industry Impact

2017 Sales Tax Distributions

Kennewick:	\$17,654,974
Richland:	\$11,496,467
Pasco:	\$11,838,427
West Richland:	\$ 1,117,549
Tri-Cities Total:	\$42,107,417

Outside City Limits

Benton County:	\$12,314,363
Franklin County:	\$ 3,973,953

Retail Industry Impact

Change from 2016

Kennewick:	+ <1.0%
Richland:	+ 3.0%
Pasco:	+ 6.8%
West Richland:	+ 8.2%
Tri-Cities Total:	+ 3.0%
 <u>Outside City Limits</u>	
Benton County:	+ 10.8%
Franklin County:	+ 4.8%

Retail Industry Impact

Statewide

Clark County	+ 9.2%	Benton County	+10.8%
King County	+ 2.9%	Franklin County	+ 4.8%
Kitsap County	+ 4.5%	Spokane County	+ 8.8%
Pierce County	+ 8.8%	Walla Walla County	+ 15.0%
Snohomish County	+ 6.2%	Yakima County	+ 3.1%

Statewide Total: + 7.4%

THE PREVAILING (FALSE) NARRATIVE

Time
August 1998



The New Yorker
March 2014



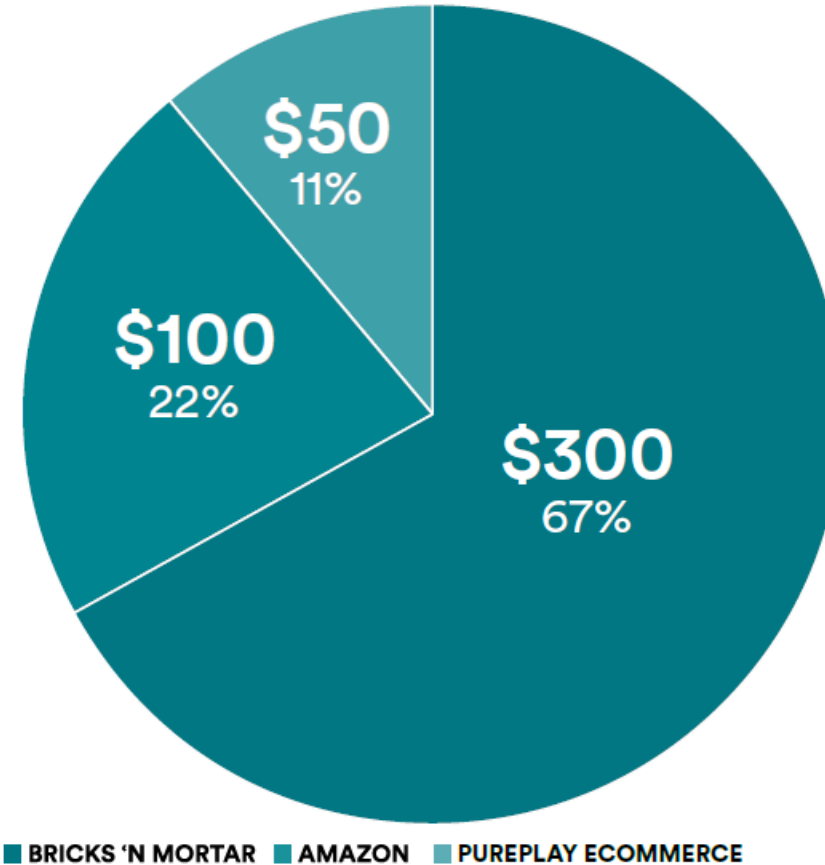
CNN
June 2017



THE REALITY IS VERY DIFFERENT— STORES REMAIN THE DOMINANT RETAIL CHANNEL

- Stores represent 90% of the total retail sales pie of \$4.5 trillion, even more so for the outlet sector
- More than 2/3 of the remaining 10% of retail sales is captured by retailers with a presence in Simon properties
- Consumers like to shop in stores for the purchases that matter
- 72% of Generation Z members visit the mall at least once a month

ECOMMERCE SALES (\$ IN BILLIONS)



(1) HRC Retail Advisory Survey, January 2017
(2) 2016 ICSC Thanksgiving/Black Friday Shopping Report
(3) CNBC "Costly Business of Retail Returns," December 16, 2016

WHY BRICKS & MORTAR?

— For consumers, bricks & mortar remains the channel of choice¹

- Shopping is a tactile sport, where touching and trying on clothes is important
- Shopping in the physical environment is fun and social in a way that can't be duplicated online
- Stores offer shoppers instant gratification
- Malls, with their broad array of stores, offer shoppers the opportunity for discovery (66% discover something new on a shopping trip)
- Dining and entertainment options add to the mall's appeal

— For retailers, the store is the foundational element of their omnichannel strategies

- Retailers prefer to drive consumers to their stores for good reason
 - Higher basket sizes
 - Lower returns
 - Lower/no fulfillment costs

— Stores provide a fully immersive branded experience for shoppers

— Stores are evolving into forward distribution centers to fulfill more cost effectively on online orders

- Last mile economics
- Leveraging in-store inventory
- Click and collect

Q: Why do you prefer shopping in-store versus online?



Death of Pureplay Retail: Net Sales Given Omnichannel Capabilities

	Initial Purchase Value	Return/Exchange Loss	Pick-Up Recoup	Returns Recoup	Net Sales
Pureplay Ecommerce	100%	▼ -23%	NA	NA	77%
Buy Online Return In-Store	100%	▼ -23%	NA	▲ +18%	95%
Buy Online, Pickup + Return In-Store	100%	▼ -23%	▲ +12%	▲ +18%	107%

BRICKS & MORTAR IS ACTUALLY GROWING

NOT DECLINING

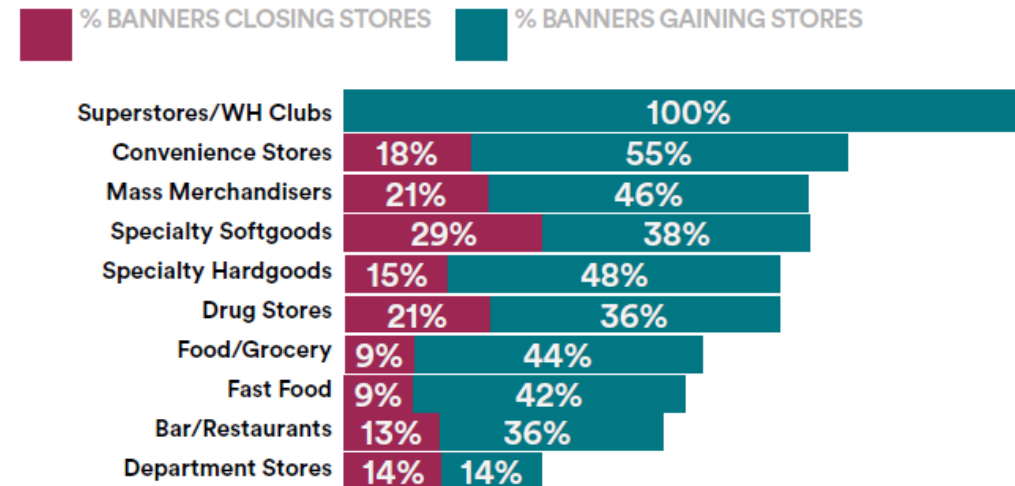
Nationally, 5 chains represent 28% of announced closures, 16 chains represent 48%.

+4,080 Net Store Openings

(14,248 OPENS 10,168 CLOSURES)

Segment	Net Store Growth
Supermarkets	674
Drug Stores	345
Superstores/WH Clubs	82
Department Stores	-400
Specialty Hardgoods	153
Specialty Softgoods	-3,133
Mass Merchandisers	1,905
Convenience Stores	1,700
Bar/Restaurants	728
Fast Food	2,026

% NET STORE OPENINGS VS NET STORE CLOSINGS



For each company closing stores, **2.7** are opening stores

THE MALL OF THE FUTURE



Retailer Industry Impact

Local Shopping vs. Online

- Tri-Cities is well positioned for local retail shoppers.
- Tri-Cities is a regional shopping hub.
- Limited Competition.
- Closest mall competition is over 100 miles away.
- The “tangible” shopping experience.

Retailer Industry Impact

In summary

- Tri-Cities continues to experience healthy increases in retail sales.
- Positioned well as it relates to competition.
- Consumers still have a need for physical retail locations.
- Market still emerging and lacks many “New to the Market” retailers.